Utah Crash Summary 2003



Robert L. Flowers, Commissioner Department of Public Safety 4501 South 2700 West Salt Lake City, Utah 84119

David A. Beach, Director
Department of Public Safety
Highway Safety Office
5263 South Commerce Drive, #202
Salt Lake City, Utah 84107

Table of Contents

ntroduction	7
Executive Summary	8
2003 Utah Crash Clock	
Section 1: Persons and Crashes 2003	
Persons and Crashes 2003 Fact Sheet	13-14
Trends	
Injured Persons and Fatalities 1994-2003	16
Crashes 1994-2003	
Fatalities by Month 1994-2003	
Holiday Crashes 1994-2003	19
Counties	
Persons Involved in Crashes by County	20-21
Crashes by County	
Cities	
Crashes by City	24
Occupant Characteristics (Including Driver)	27
Injury Severity	25
Occupant Placement	
Age of Crash Occupants	
Gender of Crash Occupants	
Age and Gender of Fatalities	21
Driver Characteristics	20
Driver Age	
Driver Gender	
Out-of-State Drivers	29
Crash Characteristics	0.0
Crash Severity	
Month of Year	
Day of Week	
Hour of Day	
Crash Type	
Collision Description	
Urban/Rural Location	
Vehicle Type	
Violations	
Contributing Factors	36
Section 2: Occupant Protection 2003	
Occupant Protection 2003 Fact Sheet	39-40
Trends	
Occupant Protection 1994-2003	42
Occupant Characteristics (Including Driver)	
Injury Severity	
Ejection	
Age of Crash Occupants	
Gender of Crash Occupants	
Occupant Protection	46
Air Bags	
Children and Restraint Use	

Section 3: Alcohol and Other Drug-Related Crashes 2003	
Alcohol and Other Drugs 2003 Fact Sheet	51-52
Trends	
Fatalities and Fatal Crashes 1994-2003	54
Counties	
Alcohol and Other Drug-Related Crashes by County	55
Occupant Characteristics (Including Driver)	
Injury Severity	56
Occupant Placement	56
Driver Characteristics	
Driver Age and Gender	
Blood Alcohol Concentration	
Alcohol and Other Drug Involvement in Other Types of Crashes	\$58
Crash Characteristics	
Crash Severity	
Month of Year	59
Day of Week	60
Hour of Day	61
Section 4: Teenage-Driver Crashes 2003	
Teenage-Driver 2003 Fact Sheet	65-66
Trends	
Teenage-Driver Crashes 1994-2003	68
Counties	
Teenage-Driver Crashes by County	69
Occupant Characteristics (Including Driver)	
Injury Severity	
Seatbelt Use	
Number of Occupants in Teenage-Driver Vehicles	71
Driver Characteristics	
Driver Gender	
Alcohol and Other Drug Involvement	72
Crash Characteristics	
Crash Severity	
Month of Year	
Day of Week	
Hour of Day	
Collision Description	
Violations	
Contributing Factors	77
Section 5: Speed-Related Crashes 2003	
Speed 2003 Fact Sheet	81
Trends	
Speed-Related Crashes 1994-2003	84
Counties	
Speed-Related Crashes by County	85
Occupant Characteristics (Including Driver)	
Injury Severity	86
Driver Characteristics	
Driver Age and Gender	87
Crash Characteristics	
Crash Severity	88

Month of Year	88
Day of Week	
Hour of Day	
,	
Section 6: Motorcycles 2003	
Motorcycles 2003 Fact Sheet	93-94
Trends	
Motorcyclists Involved in Crashes 1994-2003	96
Motorcycle Crashes 1994-2003	97
Counties	
Motorcyclists Involved in Crashes by County	98
Motorcycle Crashes by County	99
Motorcyclist Characteristics (Driver and Passenger)	
Injury Severity	
Occupant Placement	
Age	101
Gender	102
Helmet Use	102
Motorcycle Driver Characteristics	
Driver Age	
Driver Gender	
Alcohol and Other Drug Involvement	104
Crash Characteristics	
Crash Severity	
Month of Year	
Day of Week	
Hour of Day	
Crash Type	
Collision Description	
Urban/Rural Location	
Violations	
Contributing Factors	110
Continue 7: Dedoctrious 2002	
Section 7: Pedestrians 2003	110 111
Pedestrians 2003 Fact Sheet Trends	113-114
Pedestrians Involved in Crashes 1994-2003	116
Pedestrian-Motor Vehicle Crashes 1994-2003	
Counties	117
Pedestrians Involved in Crashes by County	110
Pedestrian-Motor Vehicle Crashes by County	
Pedestrian Characteristics	119
Injury Severity	120
Age	
Gender	
Pedestrian Action Prior To Crash	
Driver Characteristics	122
Driver Age	123
Driver Gender	
Alcohol and Other Drug Involvement	
Crash Characteristics	
Crash Severity	125
Month of Year	

Day of Week	126
Hour of Day	127
Locality	128
Urban/Rural Location	128
Vehicle Type	129
Violations	
Contributing Factors	130
Section 8: Bicyclists 2003	
Bicyclists 2003 Fact Sheet	133-134
Trends	
Bicyclists Involved in Crashes 1994-2003	136
Bicycle-Motor Vehicle Crashes 1994-2003	137
Counties	
Bicyclists Involved in Crashes by County	138
Bicycle-Motor Vehicle Crashes by County	139
Bicyclist Characteristics	
Injury Severity	
Age	
Gender	
Bicyclist Action Prior To Crash	
Helmet Use	142
Driver Characteristics	
Driver Age	
Driver Gender	
Alcohol and Other Drug Involvement	144
Crash Characteristics	
Crash Severity	
Month of Year	
Day of Week	
Hour of Day	
Locality	
Urban/Rural Location	
Vehicle Type	
Violations	
Contributing Factors	150
Appendix	
Historical Persons and Crashes	
Injured Persons and Fatalities 1974-2003	154
Crashes 1974-2003	155
Licensed Drivers	
Licensed Drivers by Age 2003	156
Population	
State Population 1994-2003	
County Population 2003	
City Population 2003	159-160
Vehicle Miles Traveled	
Vehicle Miles Traveled 1994-2003	
Vehicle Miles Traveled by County 2003	162
Glossary	165
=INCCSTV	166

Introduction

Purpose:

The Utah Crash Summary, produced annually, identifies and describes the trends and effects of traffic crashes in Utah. The statistics within the Utah Crash Summary describe factors that contribute to the occurrence of crashes, and crash-related injuries and fatalities. This report is designed to heighten awareness about traffic safety by allowing safety program specialists, public health personnel, and other interested individuals to identify areas where programs may be focused in an effort to reduce traffic-related injuries and fatalities.

Crash Data:

The data for this summary is derived from Utah crash reports. These reports are completed by law enforcement officers throughout the state who collect data from crash scenes on public roadways. Information is collected when a crash involved injuries, fatalities, or at least \$1,000 property damage; when the jurisdiction in which the crash occurs requires it; or when the responding officer determines that a report is warranted.

Crash reports are forwarded to the Utah Department of Transportation (UDOT) for central collection. UDOT reviews the crash report forms and enters the data into a database called the Crash Analysis Reporting System (CARS).

Private Property Crashes:

Beginning in 1997, all private property crashes were excluded from CARS. Since private property crashes accounted for approximately 10% of crashes in previous years, the decrease in crashes since 1997 is due in part to the exclusion of private property crashes.

Fatal Crashes:

Additional information is collected on fatal crashes and compiled into a separate database, the Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS). This database was used for the reporting of alcohol and other drug-related crashes and fatalities.

Fact Sheets:

In order to provide information at a glance, each section of the crash summary is accompanied by a Utah Crash Fact Sheet. The fact sheets provide an overview of the section, and are useful when presenting information to others.

Prepared By:

This report was prepared by the Utah Department of Public Safety, Highway Safety Office. For more information, please contact:

Research Analyst
Department of Public Safety
Highway Safety Office
5263 South Commerce Drive, #202
Salt Lake City, Utah 84107
(801) 293-2480

(801) 293-2480 alightfoot@utah.gov

Amy Lightfoot

Available At:

Printed copies of the Utah Crash Summary are available at the Utah Highway Safety Office. The summary is also available on the internet at www.highwaysafety.utah.gov.

Executive Summary

Measurable progress has been made to reduce motor vehicle crashes in Utah, with a steady decline in the injury and fatal crash rates since 1971. These reductions can be attributed to a variety of factors, including:

- Statewide and local traffic safety programs that have increased awareness of traffic safety issues:
- Legislation mandating seatbelt use, graduated driver licensing, and enhanced penalties for impaired driving;
- Aggressive media and enforcement programs targeting driver behavior;
- Improved engineering of roadway infrastructure;
- Advanced engineering to provide safer motor vehicles and improve crash survivability.

The personal and socioeconomic effect of motor vehicle crashes is a continuing concern in the state of Utah, with special focus on reducing the tragedy of injury and death. In 2003, Utah made notable progress in the following areas when compared to 2002:

- Utah experienced a 4% reduction in the rate of motor vehicle crashes, which resulted in a 5% reduction in the rate of injured persons;
- Approximately 15% of motor vehicle crashes in Utah involved alcohol or other drugs; the lowest percentage in ten years;
- The percentage of teenage-driver crashes dropped to 28%, which also marks a ten-year low;
- The rate of speed-related crashes decreased 3%.

As improvements are made and progress continues, traffic safety needs to remain a top priority in Utah. In 2003:

- Rural crashes were 6 times more likely to result in a fatality than crashes in urban areas;
- Less than half (48%) of the persons killed in a crash were using a seat belt, and unbelted occupants were 23 times more likely to be killed in a crash than belted occupants;
- Utah experienced a 9% increase in the rate of pedestrian fatalities.

The 2003 Utah Crash Summary contains further details regarding motor vehicle crashes in Utah. In addition, each section of this Crash Summary begins with a colorful and informative Utah Crash Fact Sheet that quickly summarizes the detailed information in the section.

The Utah Department of Public Safety's Highway Safety Office invites users of this Crash Summary to help promote motor vehicle safety in our communities. As a partner in the highway safety community, your assistance will make Utah a safer place to drive, bicycle and walk.

Utah Crash Clock Page 9

Utah Crash Clock 2003

In Utah during 2003:

- Every 10 minutes a crash occurred.
- Every 19 minutes a person was injured in a crash.
- Every 28 hours a person was killed in a crash.
- Every 3 days an unbelted crash occupant was killed.
- Every 4 1/2 hours an alcohol or other drug-related crash occurred.
- Every 8 days a person died in an alcohol or other drug-related crash.
- Every 37 minutes a teenage-driver crash occurred.
- Every 7 days a person died in a teenage-driver crash.
- Every hour a speed-related crash occurred.
- Every 4 1/2 days a person died in a speed-related crash.
- Every hour a motorcyclist was involved in a crash.
- Every 17 days a motorcyclist was killed in a crash.
- Every 13 hours a pedestrian was involved in a crash.
- Every 13 days a pedestrian was killed in a crash.
- Every 13 hours a bicyclist was involved in a crash.